

in accordance with the “Uniform Methods and Rules—Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication,” based on a positive response to an official tuberculin test. Bison are classified as suspects for tuberculosis in the same manner as cattle.

Transportation document. Any document accompanying the interstate movement, such as an owner’s statement, manifest, switch order, or vehicle record, on which is stated: (1) The point from which the animals are moved interstate; (2) the destination of the animals; (3) the number of animals covered by the document; and (4) the name and address of the owner or shipper.

Tuberculosis. The contagious, infectious, and communicable disease caused by *Mycobacterium bovis*.

Uniform Methods and Rules—Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication. Uniform methods and rules for eradicating bovine tuberculosis in the United States, adopted by the United States Animal Health Association on October 24, 1984, and approved by APHIS on March 13, 1985. The *Uniform Methods and Rules—Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication* were approved for incorporation by reference into the Code of Federal Regulations by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.¹

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0084)

[40 FR 27009, June 26, 1975]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For Federal Register citations affecting § 77.1, see the List of CFR Sections Affected in the Finding Aids section of this volume.

§ 77.2 General restrictions.

Cattle and bison may not be moved interstate except in compliance with this part.

[52 FR 39615, Oct. 23, 1987]

¹Copies may be obtained from the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Veterinary Services, Cattle Diseases and Surveillance, 4700 River Road Unit 36, Riverdale, Maryland 20737–1231.

§ 77.3 Movement from accredited-free States, accredited-free (suspended) States, and modified accredited States.

Cattle or bison not known to be affected with or exposed to tuberculosis, originating in an accredited-free State, an accredited-free (suspended) State, or a modified accredited State, may be moved interstate without restriction.³

[59 FR 9072, Feb. 25, 1994]

§ 77.4 Movement from nonmodified accredited states.

Cattle or bison not known to be affected with or exposed to tuberculosis, originating in a nonmodified accredited state, shall only be moved interstate if:

(a) Such cattle or bison are accompanied by a certificate stating that such cattle or bison have been classified negative to an official tuberculin test, which was conducted within 30 days prior to the date of movement. All cattle or bison not individually identified by a registration name and number shall be individually identified by an APHIS approved metal eartag or tattoo; or

(b) Such cattle or bison are from an accredited herd and they are accompanied by a certificate showing the cattle to be from such a herd; or

(c) Such cattle or bison are moved interstate directly to slaughter to an establishment operating under the provisions of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) or to a State inspected slaughtering establishment which has inspection by a State inspector at the time of slaughter.

[43 FR 34431, Aug. 4, 1978. Redesignated at 52 FR 39615, Oct. 23, 1987, and amended at 52 FR 39616, Oct. 23, 1987; 54 FR 31165, July 27, 1989]

§ 77.5 Interstate movement of cattle and bison that are exposed, reactors, or suspects, or from herds containing suspects.

(a) *Reactor cattle and bison.* Cattle or bison which have been classified as reactor cattle or bison may be moved

³The regulations of the State of destination should be consulted before shipments are made from accredited-free, accredited-free (suspended) and modified accredited States.